#### AUSTIN WATER COST OF SERVICE RATE STUDY PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT COMMITTEE JANUARY 17TH – 4:00 P.M. WALLER CREEK CENTER – ROOM #104 625 E. 10<sup>TH</sup> STREET, AUSTIN, TEXAS



AGENDA

For more information, please visit <u>http://www.austintexas.gov/department/2016-cost-service-rate-study</u>

**MISSION:** The purpose of the Public Involvement Committee (PIC) is to examine the methodology being developed to determine cost of service for all customer classes with a primary focus on the retail customer classes, discuss the impacts of key cost of service factors, and advise the Austin Water Executive Team in their decision-making process.

**MEETING GOALS:** Discuss the cost allocation process and the development of units of service for each customer class.

#### CALL TO ORDER

#### 1. CITIZEN COMMUNICATION

The first 10 speakers signed up prior to the meeting being called to order will each be allowed a threeminute allotment to address their concerns regarding items not posted on the agenda.

#### 2. DISCUSSION ITEMS

- a. Previous PIC Meeting Review
- b. Study Decision Points Review and Input
- c. Wastewater Allocation

#### 3. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

a. PIC Member Questions and Discussion

#### 4. FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

#### 5. PUBLIC COMMENT

#### 6. ADJOURN



# Presentation | PIC







# Presentation | PIC

Presentation | PIC

Austin

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# **CITY OF**

#### DECISION POINTS REVIEW AND WASTEWATER COS PIC Meeting #8 / January 17, 2017





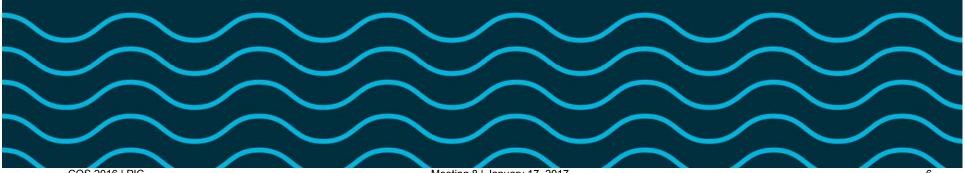


# **TODAY'S PIC MEETING**

- 1. Welcome
- 2. Citizen Comment (Standard Format 3 Min)
- 3. Executive Team Recap
- 4. PIC comments from the last meeting
- 5. Continuation of review of Study Decision Points to date
- 6. Wastewater cost of service discussion
- 7. Summary of today's meeting and look ahead
- 8. PIC and Public Comments

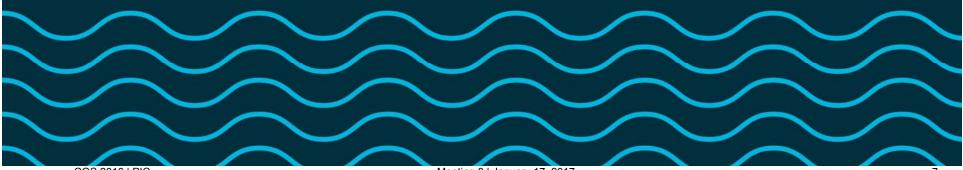
#### 9. Adjourn

# **CITIZEN COMMENT**



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# EXECUTIVE TEAM RECAP



COS 2016 | PIC

# PIC COMMENTS FROM LAST MEETING



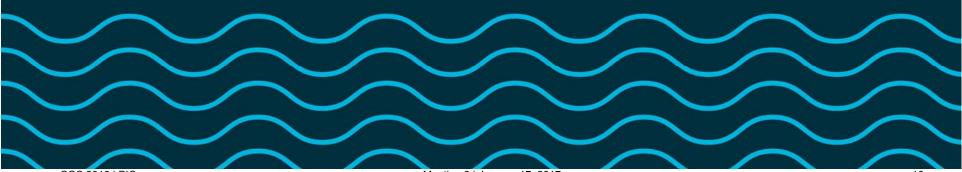
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# DECISION POINTS: REVIEW AND PIC INPUT



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# WASTEWATER COST OF SERVICE



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### Water vs. Wastewater COS

#### <u>Water</u>

- » Annual Revenue Requirement
- » Cost Functionalization
- » Retail Only (Distribution System)
- » Common to All
- » Allocation to Classes:
  - Base Demand
  - Max Day Demand
  - Max Hour Demand
  - Customer Account Metrics
- » Key Issue: Peaking Factors

#### <u>Wastewater</u>

- » Annual Revenue Requirement
- » Cost Functionalization
- » Retail Only (Collection System)
- » Common to All
- » Allocation to Classes:
  - Discharge Volumes
  - Discharge Strength
  - Customer Account Metrics
- » <u>Key Issues</u>: Strength Loadings and Inflow and Infiltration

# **COST FUNCTIONALIZATION**

#### **O&M Cost Centers**

- Wastewater Treatment Support
- Wastewater Treatment
- Collection System Operations
- Collection System Support
- One Stop Shop
- Support Services
- Conservation and Reuse (Environmental Lab)
- Billing and Customer Services
- Transfers & Other Requirements

#### **Capital Expenses**

Dependent on methodology

### Key Wastewater Service

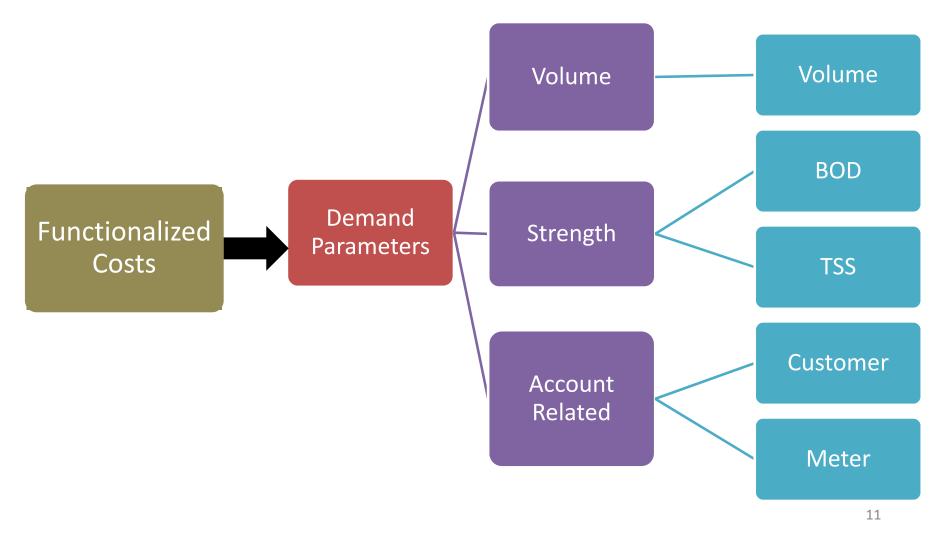
#### **Functions**

- Collection
- Interceptors
- Lift Stations (Conveyance)
- Plant Raw WW Pumping
- Primary Clarifiers
- Aeration Basins
- Secondary Clarifiers
- Filters
- Disinfection and Outfall
- Sludge Thickening
- Biosolids Management
- Customer Service

## **COST ALLOCATIONS**

Function	Common to All Costs (Retail and Wholesale)	Retail Only Costs	Wholesale Only Costs	Commercial and Industrial Monitoring	Surcharge Customers
Collection		Х		Ŭ	
Interceptors	Х				
Lift Stations (Conveyance)	X				
Plant Raw WW Pumping	Х				
Preliminary Treatment	X				
Industrial Waste Control				50.0%	50.0%
Primary Clarifiers	X				
Flow Equalization Basins	X				
Aeration Basins	X				
Secondary Clarifiers	Х				
Return Sludge Pumping	X				
Waste Sludge Pumping	Х				
Filters	X				
Disinfection and Outfall	Х				
Sludge Thickening	X				
Biosolids Management	Х				
Customer Service	X				

# ALLOCATION TO DEMAND PARAMETERS



# **DEMAND PARAMETERS**

Volume	O&M expenses and capital costs associated with service to customers under average load conditions
BOD	Costs associated with treating biological oxygen demands (BOD)
TSS	Costs associated with treating total suspended solids (TSS)
Customer	Costs associated with serving customers, irrespective of the amount or strength of demand
Meter	Maintenance and capital costs related to meters

# Inflow and Infiltration (I/I)

- » <u>Inflow</u> results from rainfall that enters the system thru direct connections (catch basins, roof drains, manholes)
- » <u>Infiltration</u> seeps into the collection system from rainfall or high groundwater levels
- » Wastewater utility system must convey and treat actual wastewater discharges from customers <u>plus I/I</u>
- » There is a cost to convey and treat I/I
- » How should I/I costs be allocated to customer classes?

# Inflow and Infiltration (I/I)

- » AW wastewater COS model assumes that I/I is equivalent to 10.5% customer contributed volumes
- » Three common methods for allocating I/I flows to customer classes:
  - Customer class contributed volumes
  - Customer class connections
  - Combination of customer class connections and volumes
- » AW wastewater COS model allocates I/I flows to customer classes based on 100% volume

# **Discharge Strength**

- » AW wastewater COS model currently allocates costs based on:
  - Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)
  - Total Suspended Solids (TSS)
- » Other strength parameters often used to allocate costs include:
  - Nitrogen
  - Phosphorus
  - Ammonia

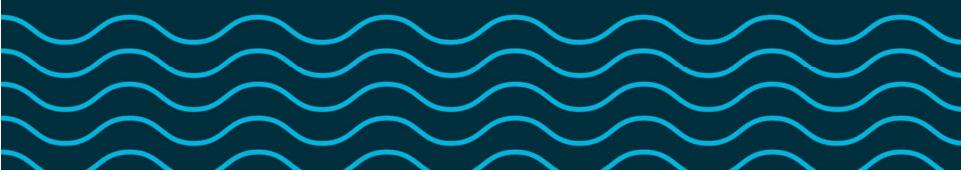
# **Discharge Strengths**

- » AW wastewater COS model assumes that <u>most</u> customer classes have the discharge strengths:
  - BOD of 200 mg/L and TSS of 200 mg/L
- » Some large customers (industrial and UT) and two wholesale are assigned unique discharge strengths based on sampling data
- » Should AW consider adding one (or more) additional strength parameters

# Summary of Key Decision Points

- » Method used to allocate I/I to customer classes
- » The possible need for a new discharge strength cost parameter(s)

# SUMMARY AND LOOK AHEAD



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# RECAP OF TODAY'S DISCUSSION

I. Decision Points: Review

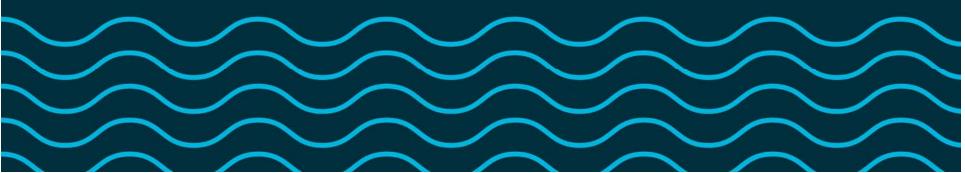
II. Decision Points: PIC Input

III. Wastewater Cost of Service

# **PIC -SCHEDULE & TOPICS**

Meeting	Day	<u>Date</u>	<u>Objective</u>
1	Tues	<del>27-Sep</del>	Orientation
<del>2</del>	Wed	<del>5-Oct</del>	Revenue requirements
3	Tues	<del>25-Oct</del>	Revenue requirements - Cont'd
4	Tues	<del>8-Nov</del>	Revenue requirements - Cont'd
5	Tues	<del>29-Nov</del>	Revenue requirements
<del>6</del>	Tues	<del>13-Dec</del>	Water Cost Allocation
7	Wed	4-Jan	Decision Points
8	Tues	17-Jan	Decision Points/WW Cost of Service
9	Tues	31-Jan	Rates and Customer Impacts
10	Tues	21-Feb	Overview of Results and Wrap-up
11	Mon	6-Mar	Overview of Results and Wrap-up
12	Tues	21-Mar	TBD

# ADDITIONAL COMMENTS



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# ADJOURN



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#### CONTACT: RICK GIARDINA

rgiardina@raftelis.com www.raftelis.com



# Question & Answer Summary | PIC

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# Question & Answer Summary | PIC

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
956	Residential	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 01/04/2017 Please provide the recently released 2017 Fitch medians report.	InProgress	
951	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/29/2016</b> "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. "PIC" means Public Involvement Committee. "COS" means cost of service. "COA" means City of Austin. 1. How much O&M costs are related to the COA water utility's transmission mains? 2. How are the O&M costs related to the COA water utility's transmission mains allocated among the customer classes. In your response please include the \$ amount of costs assigned to each customer class, the methodology(ies) the utility relied upon in allocating the O&M costs among the customer classes, and the FY the utility used for its data. 3. How much of the O&M costs identified in No. 1 above are attributable to the "extra capacity costs" incurred by the COA water utility? In other words if the transmission main was constructed and maintained to handle only "base capacity" usage, what O&M costs would be avoided?	Posted	Pc Th co Au Pr W
950	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Marcia Stokes	<b>Submitted: 12/29/2016</b> Cost allocation: Please provide by meter size and customer class, the number of fire demand aka fire service meters which are 8x2"FD, 10x2"FD and 12x2"FD. In addition, for each fire service meter size and class, please provide how many meters are within each DOMESTIC USE equivalent meter size of 2",3",4",6" or 8". DOMESTIC USE equivalent meter size can be found by retrieving the CRF (capital recovery fee) paid and reverse lookup the service units and corresponding equivalent meter size. For example in 2007, a fire demand meter with domestic use of 8 service units which is equivalent to a 2" PD meter paid a \$5600 CRF in DDZ zone or \$12000 in a DWPZ zone; 16 service units (3" meter equivalent) paid a \$11,200 CRF (DDZ) or \$24,000 CRF (DWPZ); 25 service units (4" meter equivalent) paid a \$17,500 CRF (DDZ) or \$37,500 CRF (DWPZ).	InProgress	
949	All Classes	Customer Demand Characteristics	Marcia Stokes	Submitted: 12/29/2016 COS Model and Cost Allocation: Please provide the external pivot table 'C:\Rates and Charges\COS\FY 2009-10 & COS Study\Water\[Meter Size Pivot.xlsx]Sheet1' which is referenced in the COS model provided under: spreadsheet "Water Option_01 Budget submittal, Characteristics worksheet, Table 58, Equivalent Meter schedule, Equivalent Fire Services Column. Also, explain the methodology and formula used for the overridden values of equivalent fire services for 8", 10" and 12" meters changed May 7, 2012 by Michael Castillo.	Posted	Pc Th 20 to me att Th res the fix

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 1/11/2017

The FY 2017 Cost of Service (COS) model includes O&M costs for water Transmission Mains totaled at \$16,424,157. Austin Water allocates these costs in accordance with the Principles of Water Rates, Fees and Charges (American Water Works Association M1 Manual).

#### Posted: 1/11/2017

The equivalent meter analysis was completed as part of the 2009 Cost of Service Study by the previous COS rate consultant (Red Oak). This analysis was prepared in order to determine the average monthly adjusted consumption by meter size. An external pivot table is provided in the attachment as referenced in the FY 2017 COS model. The overridden values included in the COS model, are the result of an executive decision to implement adjustments to the 8", 10" and 12" equivalent meters in order to reduce the fixed cost allocations.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
948	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/22/2016</b> (Question received via email on 12/22/16) 2. Does the COA W/WW department have a fiscal policy(ies) relating to debt levels, including debt equity ratios? If so please list each such policy.	Posted	P A d d
947	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/22/2016</b> (Question received via email on 12/22/16) You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. "PIC" means Public Involvement Committee. "COS" means cost of service. How do you derive your level of budgeted revenues for purposes of setting water and wastewater rates for the FY budget year? (In other words, what calculations, assumptions, formulas, and such other methods do you rely upon in deriving the amount of revenues you estimate will be realized during the budget FY). In your explanation, please address how the calculated revenues are normalized, if at all, for weather.	InProgress	
944	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 General fund transfer A. How is it considered in the COS? B. Should the current General Fund formula continue to apply to all revenues or should some revenues arising from certain costs be exempted because the costs incurred relate to the public good such as conservation lands or from costs related to excess capacity	Posted	P T a y M o V F c
943	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How are grants and such other non-rate revenue infusions addressed in COS?	Posted	P N g d
942	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How is debt accounted for? A. d/s coverage ratio i.) What are the bond covenant requirements ii.) What are the COA financial policy requirements iii.) How is the COA's bond covenant requirements related to the general fund transfer, if at all? B. debt/equity ratio	Posted	P A m re T th C c ir

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 1/5/2017

Austin Water does not have a financial policy related to debt levels. Response provided a listing of Austin Water's debt related financial policies.

#### Posted: 1/12/2017

The General Fund Transfer is set at 8.2% of the three-year average of Austin Water operating revenues. This threeyear average is calculated using the year-end estimate at March 31st for the current year and the previous two years of actual revenue. Each customer class for Retail and Wholesale is allocated a proportionate share of the General Fund Transfer based on the percentage of revenue each customer class contributes in revenue.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Non-rate revenue, including grants, is subtracted from the gross revenue requirement in the COS model in order to determine the net revenue requirement.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

AW's bond covenant requirements for debt service is to maintain a 1.25x coverage. AW's financial policy requirements for debt service is to target 1.50x coverage. The COA's bond covenant requirements are not related to the general fund transfer. The debt to equity ratio is calculated using the City's CAFR and reported at the combined utility basis. Debt service and debt/equity information as FY 15 was provided.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
941	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/19/2016</b> Who can appeal a council decision on w/ww rates? A. What is the process? B. What is the regulatory standard applied by PUC on appeal? C. What is the status of customer refunds and/or surcharges should the PUC adjust the COA's revenue requirement and/or its COS on appeal?	Posted	P In W C th cu of
940	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/19/2016</b> Continued from above D. How should prudency be considered when an investment is proposed that is replacing a current investment not fully depreciated? E. Should COS and/or the rate effect that is related to the timing of the financial commitment to investment be considered? In other words, should some investments be deferred or fast tracked because of the COS and rate effects of the investments? Is this a component of prudency?	Posted	P R O R Its ne
939	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How does COA relate its investment decisions to the used and useful regulatory standard-in other words, is the COA prudent in its investment decisions to ensure that it is not creating excess capacity? A. Is COA investment decisions driven by customer demand or by utility supply? i.) What is the long term and short term cost/benefit analysis of marketing and acquiring wholesale water contracts to retail base customers? Should a different COA approach be used to ensure retail base customers are not harmed? ii.) How does our current policy of entering into wholesale water contracts or serve retail customers outside our city limits affect: 1. Affordable housing 2. Environment 3. Sprawl and other growth concerns 4. How does this tie in to COS B. What should be the regulatory standard to determine whether an investment is a prudent utility decision? C. How should the effect on utility rates affect if at all an investment decision?	Posted	Pr Al op W R its ne
938	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What is the amount of capital investment that is used and useful?	Posted	P R fr T a

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

#### Information not yet available

New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Inside city customers can appeal their water and wastewater rates by contacting the Water and Wastewater Commission, City of Austin Public Utilities Committee, and the Austin City Council. Outside city and wholesale customers can appeal directly to Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT).

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Replacement of current investments/assets is based on operational needs and service demands as part of Austin Water's (AW's) Capital Improvement Project (CIP) program. Rate impact is considered to the extent that AW manages its CIP Spending Levels to balance asset and infrastructure needs with the fiscal impact on AW's budget and rates.

#### Posted: 1/3/2017

Austin Water's infrastructure investments are based on operational needs and service demands as part of Austin Water's (AW's) Capital Improvement Project (CIP) program. Rate impact is considered to the extent that AW manages its CIP Spending Levels to balance asset and infrastructure needs with the fiscal impact on AW's budget and rates.

#### Posted: 1/11/2017

Response provided the Capital Plant in Service information from the Water and Wastewater Cost of Service Models. The net capital plant in service is \$1,607,078,593 for Water and \$1,435,204,022 for Wastewater.

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ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
937	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How are new service connections addressed in COS?	Posted	P N C V C re re
936	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What is the rage of alternate COS methodologies? A. How was the range determined? B. How were the COS methodologies relied upon by consultants for residential customer classes determined? (what kind of vetting process was used to ensure the consultants that are relied upon for COS methodologies represented residential customer class in rate cases?).	InProgress	
935	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How does the water conservation program factor into rates? Into the cost of service?	Posted	P Ir F ir V
934	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 Does the COA have any customers who are not either within the city limits of Austin or within the service territory of AE?	Posted	P A S N A S
933	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How can we hold low income customers harmless for potential rate increases with the goal of maintaining affordability?	Posted	P T re re c
931	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How consistent, if at all, is the w/ww reserve policies with AE's reserve policies? A. What are all of COA's reserves and what is the policy behind each reserve? B. Are nontraditional expenses such as specialized reserves considered O&M expenses for purposes of determining the needed level of COA reserves such as the amount needed for cash working capital?	Posted	F A s d C d

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

New service connections (i.e. Capital Recovery Fees) are considered non-rate revenue and are not based on the volume of water and wastewater sold in the COS analysis. Capital recovery fees are used to reduce debt service requirements associated with growth related projects, which reduces rate revenue required to cover revenue requirements.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

In the current COS model, the Water Conservation Program is allocated as a common to all (retail and wholesale) administrative cost. Costs associated with this indirect cost category are allocated based on the projected volume by customer class.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water (AW) provides water and/or wastewater services to outside city and wholesale customers that are not within the city limits or within the service territory of Austin Energy (AE). A map is provided showing the current service territorry for AW and AE.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

The volumetric rates for the water and wastewater CAP participants are designed to collect 60% of the revenue requirements for the class. Residential CAP participants receive an average combined bill discount of 34.9% compared to the Residential Non-CAP customers.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water's (AW's) reserve policies are only consistent with AE's reserve policies as it pertains to debt service, specifically, the Combined Utility Reserve Fund which is a debt service reserve fund shared by both AE and AW. Other reserve funds are specific to each utilities master debt ordinance or financial policies adopted by City Council.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
927	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What is the current low income bill discount program?	Posted	P Tt pr er re
926	Residential	Customer Demand Characteristics	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What is the amount of wastewater used for families meeting basic needs?	Posted	P A co ga fa re th
925	Residential	Customer Demand Characteristics	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What is the amount of water needed for families meeting basic needs?	Posted	P A co ga fa re th
924	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 Except for low income customers participating in bill discount programs, are residential customers treated alike in w/ww rates? A. Do some residential customers have more than one meter that affects their usage characteristics for purposes of billing-that is do customers avoid conservation high tier rates by having a 2nd meter? If this is so, how are these customers billed for their water consumption and for "customer costs". B. How are tenants in multi-family structures charged for water/wastewater? I. If LL charges tenants a monthly amount for water, is the system fair? How does COA monitor? What utility costs are involved in providing w/ww to these tenants? II. If tenants water usage is individually metered, are there some COS savings?	Posted	P A pa tru ra
923	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 What conservation studies have been done to justify conservation rates adopted by COA? What are their results? What reports have been done to verify estimated amounts of water conservation occurring as a result of rate structures?	Posted	P R b c s c c E a

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

#### Information not yet available

New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Tthe City of Austin's Customer Assistance Program (CAP) provides waived water and wastewater customer charges to enrolled customers. In addition, volumetric rates are reduced for CAP participants.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water (AW) considers the "winter average" of water consumption for residential customers, currently 4,000 gallons per month, as the amount of **wastewater** flows for families to meet basic needs since this period generally reflects the lowest level of residential consumption during the year.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water considers the "winter average" of water consumption for residential customers, currently 4,000 gallons per month, as the amount of **water** needed for families to meet basic needs since this period generally reflects the lowest level of residential consumption during the year.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

All residential water and wastewater customers that do not participate in the Customer Assistance Program (CAP) are treated alike and pay the same fixed fees and volumetric rates for water and wastewater service.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Recent research indicates that the effect could be higher but due to the variability of rate structures, weather, and conservation measures between cities, it is difficult to specifically determine the impact of conservation based on customer consumption. A 2014 report produced by the UNC Environmental Finance Center and the Sierra Club provides a good summary of the issue specific to Texas, and links to available national research.

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ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
922	All Classes	Cost Recovery Basis	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 Are the current rate designs reasonable and equitable? A. Do the rate designs include riders or surcharges? B. What are the policies behind the rate designs for each customer class and for each rider or surcharge that exist, if any? C. Are there differentials in rates based on geographic location? D. Fixed vs volumetric charges	Posted	Pe U cu se cli re ca ca ca ca th
921	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/19/2016 How should excess capacity be addressed?	Posted	P E D or of
920	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/15/2016 1. Do you have any debt service costs relating to facilities that have been decommissioned and are no longer used and useful in providing service? 2. If the answer is yes, please identify each facility and for each facility provide the following: a. The total amount of debt and the annual debt service requirement. b. How the costs were allocated, if at all, among the customer classes and please explain the methodologies along with the supporting reasoning utilized for the cost allocations.	Posted	Pe Au de
919	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/15/2016 How were construction work in progress related costs allocated among the customer classes? In your answer, please explain the methodologies along with the supporting reasoning utilized for the cost allocations.	Posted	P A A C T I e a (b T I p a
918	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/15/2016 How were the capital and O&M costs relating to overhead and office costs for general plant executives and staff allocated in the FY 2017 COS	Posted	P O ar 2( e) w v( pl se
3/2017				Page 6 of 21		

1/13/2017 COS 2016 | PIC

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

#### Information not yet available

New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

#### **Summary Response**

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Under the current rate design, water rates for the residential customer class do not fully recover the costs of providing service, while wastewater rates for the residential customer class are designed to recover the full revenue

requirements. In addition, current water and wastewater rates for the Wholesale customer class are also below the calculated cost of providing the services, while rates for commercial, multifamily and large volume customers recover over 100% of the calculated cost of service for those classes.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Excess capacity (i.e. Base Demand versus Max Day Demand and Max Hour Demand) costs are allocated based on the water demand parameters and usage characteristics of each customer class.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water is not aware of any outstanding debt related to decommissioned facilities.

#### Posted: 1/3/2017

Austin Water includes construction work in progress in rates as debt service payments for either Revenue Bonds, Commercial Paper, Water District Bonds or Cash Funding. This is first allocated to "Key Water Service Functions" then each function is assigned to either common to all costs (both retail and wholesale), retail only, or wholesale only. The functioned costs are then allocated to demand parameters.

#### Posted: 1/11/2017

O&M overhead and office costs for general plant executives and staff are itemized as Administrative Support in the FY 2017 COS. These costs are allocated as "Common to All" expenditures that are jointly shared among the retail and wholesale customer classes based on their projected volumes. Capital overhead and office costs for general plant executives and staff is a part of the annual debt service.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
917	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/15/2016 Please identify when the load assumptions for planning identified in the previous question were developed.	InProgress	
916	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/15/2016</b> Please provide the load assumptions for planning a residential subdivision and for a multifamily building. To the extent load assumptions include recognition of water appliance assumptions, home size assumptions, and land assumptions, please include an explanation of all assumptions relied upon in developing the load assumptions for planning.	InProgress	
915	All Classes	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/15/2016</b> 1. How were, if any, extra capacity costs allocated to fire protection. Please explain why or why not extra capacity costs were allocated to fire protection. 2. How were the fire protection costs identified and quantified for the FY 2017 COS study the PIC is reviewing? 3. Please provide the load factors (base, extra day and extra hour) for fire protection for the three year interval studies for the FY 2016 COS and for the FY 2017 COS.	Posted	Po Fi pe m
914	Residential	Customer Demand Characteristics	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/15/2016</b> 1. What is the total number of CAP customer relied upon in the cost of service study the PIC is reviewing? 2. For those customers identified in no. 1, please provide the bill frequency distribution for the CAP customers for each FY identified in the load data provide the PIC. (By this I mean the number of bills at the different rate levels of consumption by month and by year.) (If the request calls for inconsistent data - that is CAP customer come and go, please provide the data based on the CAP customers for the relevant requested FYs data) 3. What research, if any, have you performed or been provided that explains any large water consumption for any of the CAP customers including: peak day and peak hour consumption, if possible. 4. How many CAP customers had a consumption level for any month of the fiscal year used for the COS that were in the third tier, in the fourth tier, in the fifth tier?	Posted	Pr CL CC
913	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/15/2016</b> Please identify and list each cost you have identified as non-volume related in your COS the Public Involvement Committee (PIC) is reviewing. For each cost identified, please provide the following: a. Whether the cost is customer, meter, or fire b. What amount you identified for that cost; and c. How that cost was allocated among the customer classes. Please explain the allocation method used.	InProgress	

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Fire demand costs are not allocated based on peak day or peak hour demands, consequently Austin Water does not maintain load factor information for fire protection.

#### Posted: 1/3/2017

Provided requested information related to number of CAP customers, including bill distribution detail based on consumption and number of accounts

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
912	Residential	Allocation Methodologies	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/15/2016 Please explain how you developed your peaking factors for the residential class. In your explanation, please identify how the load research was developed including: the number of accounts used in the sample; how the sample was determined for sampling and for the accuracy of the sample to the whole customer class load characteristics.	Posted	P () () () () () () () () () () () () ()
909	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/07/2016 Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.6 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and c16. Please provide you estimated typical monthly water consumption for each of the following residential family sizes including water used for a washing machine but not for lawn irrigation: a. Single member household b. Two person household c. Four person household d. Six person household e. Eight person household f. Ten person household g. 16 person household 17. Please provide a copy of your chart of accounts. 18. Is your chart of accounts consistent with the National Association of Regulatory Commissioners' Uniform System of Accounts? Please explain why or why not your onsultants	Posted	F A ir c c c c A o
908	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	Submitted: 12/07/2016 Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.5 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. 15. In your response to Grant Rabon requested on 10/18/2016 you provided the peaking factors by customer class. However, the residential customers apparently list both residential customers residing within Austin's city limits and residing outside Austin's city limits. Please break down the peaking factors for the residential class by inside the city limits and outside the city limits relying upon the same data, if able, you relied upon in your response to Mr. Rabon.	Posted	F S C V ii

#### New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

#### Summary Response

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Customer class peaking factors are calculated as follows: "Class Peak Day Factor" = ((Class Peak Month Demand/Class Average Month Demand) X (System Peak Day Demand/System Peak Month Demand))

"Class Peak Hour Factor" = ((Class Peak Month Demand/Class Average Month Demand) X (System Peak Hour Demand/System Peak Month Demand))

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Austin Water does not maintain customer household size information, consequently consumption forecasts are based on average consumption per account for each customer class, not on family size. Provided AW's chart of account elements. AW uses the City of Austin's standardized chart of accounts, which is not consistent with the National Association of Regulatory Commissioners' Uniform System of Accounts.

#### Posted: 12/29/2016

Separate NCP factors for the inside city and outside city customers are not calculated in the COS model and Austin Water currently does not maintain separate peaking factor information for outside city customers.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
907	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/07/2016</b> Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.4 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. 11. For the FY where the most recent data is available, what is the total amount of water treated on your peak day? On your peak hour day? 12. For each FY for the next ten years, please provide your estimates of water consumption during your peak day and during your peak hour. 13. In developing your peaking factors used to allocate costs, do you normalize the data for weather? Please explain. 14. How much reserve capacity do you have with your water treatment plants?	Posted	Pr Cr
906	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/07/2016</b> Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.3 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. 7. Please provide documents in your possession, care, or control you are aware of that support your position that W/WW needs the level of reserves you have identified in No. 6 above. 8. Please identify each non rate-related revenue source you have. 9. For each source identified in No. 8 above, please provide the following: a) Description of the source; b) The amount budgeted for FY 2017; c) How the revenues realized from that source were incorporated into your cost of service. 10. What is the total capacity of water treatment W/WW has involving its water treatment plants currently; projected for FY 2017; projected for FY 2018; and projected for each FY over the next five years and over the next ten years?	Posted	Pc Se CL W
905	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/07/2016</b> Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.2 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. 4. Please explain how the revenue stability reserve costs were allocated among the various customer classes for FY 2017 or for the most recent FY available. 5. For each fiscal year since the creation of the revenue stability reserve to the present, please provide the amount of revenues W/WW realized from each customer class. 6. Please provide the total level of reserves W/WW opines it needs to maintain fiscal responsibility.	Posted	Pr Pr Co

- New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC
- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

## Posted: 12/29/2016

Provided FY15 peaking factor information used in the FY17 Cost of Service model.

## Posted: 12/29/2016

Separate NCP factors for the inside city and outside city customers are not calculated in the COS model and Austin Water currently does not maintain separate peaking factor information for outside city customers.

## Posted: 12/22/2016

Provided the amount of Revenue Stability Reserve Fund revenues realized from each customer class and Joint Committee recommedations related to reserve fund targets.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
904	Residential	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 12/07/2016</b> Questions relating to W/WW Cost of Service Submitted by Lanetta Cooper December 7, 2016, Prt.1 "You" in these questions refer to Austin W/WW and its employees including the general manager, officers and consultants. 1. Please answer the questions I provided to you through the PIC meeting on September 27, 2016 and that are posted on your website. 2. Please provide the formula, calculation, model, and./or such other procedure you have/are using to determine what amount of revenue stability reserves is necessary to maintain the utility's fiscal soundness. 3. Please identify what water systems you are aware of operating in Texas that have revenue stability reserves.	Posted	Po Th Fi AV Fu op su Te re
900	Residential	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 12/01/2016</b> Please provide the following data for each of the last five (5) fiscal years and the estimates for the current budget by utility (i.e., water, reclaimed water and wastewater). a) Dollar amount of cash funded capital expenditures b) Dollar amount of total capital expenditures c) Total debt service (principal and interest) d) Debt to equity ratio e) Debt service coverage ratio f) Total cash reserves g) Days cash on hand	Posted	Pí Ca pa Ca Wi
899	Residential	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 12/01/2016 Please indicate if the \$900,000 per year currently budgeted by Austin Water to support the Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District is a cost that has been specifically assigned to Austin Water by the Texas Legislature or, rather, was assigned to the City of Austin and the City decided that it should be paid by Austin Water.	Posted	Te La Ai
896	Outside	General Cost of Service	Chuck Loy	Submitted: 11/30/2016 Regarding the current consideration of calculating the "Outside" rates using the Utility Method. Does AW have detailed records to be able to identify the plant that is providing service to outside customers? Or alternatively, can reasonable allocations be developed such as inch-feet, water produced or transferred, etc.? How would shared production facilities be allocated?	Posted	Aı cu se
891	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	Submitted: 11/22/2016 8. [Wholesale] According to the COA Purchasing Office's Scope of Work for the current COS study (Solicitation #RFP CDL2002), the consultant will have up to three meetings with PUC staff to assist AW in developing the wholesale rate filing package. Please describe how AW or the consultant is engaging the PUC and provide any documentation submitted to any PUC personnel on this topic. If the PUC has responded, please describe their response and provide all documents given to AW or its consultants by the PUC in their response(s).	InProgress	

## New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

## Posted: 1/6/2017

The 2012 Joint Committee on Austin Water's (AW) Financial Plan (2012 Joint Committee) recommended that AW create a Revenue Stability Reserve Fund (Reserve Fund) with a funding target of 120 days of budgeted Water operating requirements by implementing a new volumetric surcharge. AW is not aware of any other water systems in Texas that has a revenue stability reserve fund or similar reserve.

## Posted: 12/29/2016

Provided 5 year history and FY17 budget for cash funded capital expenditures, total capital expenditures, debt service payments, debt to equity ratio, debt service coverage, total cash reserves and days cash on hand by utility (water, wastewater and reclaimed).

Texas law under Chapter 8802 of the Texas Special Local Laws Code assesses the District fee to the City of Austin. Austin Water pays the annual fee.

Austin Water operates a integrated system which serves all customers. We do not identify specific plant or assets serving each customer class.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
890	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 7. [Wholesale] According to the COA Purchasing Office's Scope of Work for the current COS study (Solicitation #RFP CDL2002), the consultant will "develop written process documentation of PUC rate filing requirements learned from any meetings with PUC staff." Please provide that document when available.	InProgress	
889	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 6. [Wholesale] If AW changes the rate methodology for the wholesale customers from the current cash basis to a utility basis, how does AW propose to compensate or credit these customers for their historical debt service contributions used to retire principal on debt? How will AW avoid double-collecting since most assets have shorter debt repayment schedules than the corresponding depreciable lives for the same assets?	InProgress	
888	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 5. [Wholesale] If AW changes the rate methodology for the wholesale customers from the current cash basis to a utility basis, how does AW propose to compensate or credit these customers for their historical contributions to cash-funded capital to avoid double- collecting?	•	
887	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 4. [Wholesale] Provide the contract (as defined in COA Purchasing Office's Standard Purchase Definitions) for AW's Impartial Hearing Examiner related to the current AW cost of service study.	InProgress	
886	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 3. [Wholesale] Provide the solicitation (as defined in COA Purchasing Office's Standard Purchase Definitions) for AW's request for an Impartial Hearing Examiner related to the current AW cost of service study.	InProgress	
885	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	Submitted: 11/22/2016 2. [Wholesale] According to the procedural schedule adopted for Austin Energy's 2016 cost of service and rate review (shown in Impartial Hearing Examiner's Memorandum No. 8) the parties submitted prefiled direct written testimony, conducted discovery, submitted prefiled rebuttal testimony, participated in a four-day hearing, and filed closing arguments in a manner similar to those used in a contested case at the PUC. Does AW envision using substantially the same process as AE? If not, what is expected to be different, and why?	InProgress	

- New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC
- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

Summary Response	

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
884	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 11/22/2016</b> 1. [Wholesale] AW is required to submit a rate filing package to the PUC in order to change the rates of the four wholesale customers who were parties to the rate case (PUCT Docket No. 42857), and the COA Purchasing Office's Scope of Work for the current COS study (Solicitation #RFP CDL2002) states that the COS consultant will be designing a working model for the PUC rate filing package concurrent with the preparation of this COS Study. Please provide this model when it is available.	InProgress	
881	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 10/26/2016 Related to the FY 2017 Proposed O&M budget, for each line-item below please indicate what is driving the significant increase in this cost for the combined utilities (from the FY 2015 Actual) AND if the cost is expected to persist at the FY 2017 level into the future. a) Temporary Employees (acct 5006) b) Security Services (acct 5675) c) Other Services (acct 5860) d) Interdepartmental Charges (acct 6203) e) Legal Claims/Damages (acct 6355) f) Pipeline Maintenance (acct 6396) g) Commercial Incentives (acct 6811) h) Household Efficiency (acct 6813) i) Irrigation Efficiency (acct 6814)	Posted	R th
880	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 10/26/2016</b> (This question was originally submitted as a comment on 10/24/16)Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide the proposal and the agreement with Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc. to conduct this COS Study. How does AW propose to recover this cost from customers?	InProgress	
878	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	Submitted: 10/26/2016 (This question was originally submitted as a comment on 10/24/16) Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide the following information pertaining to the sale(s) in FY 13, FY 14, FY 15, or FY 16 of any large AW assets (original cost greater than \$1,000,000): • original cost • net asset value when sold • gross and net proceeds from sale, and • explanation of difference in gross and net proceeds (e.g., decommissioning cost, remediation, etc.).	Posted	R C

- New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC
- Information not yet available
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Summary Response

Response provides explanations for significant increases to the requested budget line items.

Response provides information on the sale of the Lime Creek Quarry in September 2015 for \$4,100,000.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
875	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Randy Wilburn	Submitted: 10/25/2016 Why are the Wholesale and Out-of-CIty customers being excluded from the PIC? ALL customers, including wholesale and out-of-City customers, should be part of the PIC process.	Posted	Au ar cu in ch re Al W
						vv su re Pi
874	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Randy Wilburn	Submitted: 10/25/2016 The Texas Public Utility Commission has already declared the following costs illegal for the COA to collect through water and wastewater rates: • General Fund Transfers; • rate case expenses; • reclaimed water (capital and O&M costs); • City's reclassification of SWAP and commercial paper administration costs from capital to expense; • drainage fee; • allocation of O&M expenses to the reclaimed water utility; • depreciation; • Green Water Treatment Plant capital costs; • Revenue Stability Reserve Fund; • Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District; • Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant (capital costs/O&M costs); • utility-wide contingency; • Water Treatment Plant No. 4; and • Green Choice electricity When will AWU reduce all customers revenue requirements and rates in accordance with PUC Order?	Posted	P T re cu ill oi pa in
871	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference p. 16 of the September 27, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slide #19) which indicates that AW has 1,170.00 FTE positions in FY 2017. Please separate this into water, wastewater, and reclaimed water. How many of these positions are vacant today, and what are the revenue requirements (budgeted payroll and benefits) associated with these vacancies? Please also separate vacancy count and revenue requirements into water, wastewater, and reclaimed water.	Posted	Ta po bu
869	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide the anticipated level of capital spending for each of the next ten fiscal years (or as many years as possible if ten years' data is not available) for each of the water, wastewater, and reclaimed water utilities.	Posted	

## New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

## Posted: 1/5/2017

Austin Water decided to hold separate meetings for its retail and wholesale customers to provide all interested wholesale customers an opportunity to participate in the public involvement process given recent wholesale rate challenges. In prior COS studies, wholesale customers were limited to two Public Involvement Committee representatives.

Although, Austin Water decided to hold separate PIC and WIC meetings, all meetings are open public meetings. As such, all interested parties, including wholesale customer representatives, are invited to attend and participate in the Public Involvement Committee process.

## Posted: 1/5/2017

The PUC Order made findings of fact based on evidence relating to the 2013 rates charged to four specific wholesale customers; the PUC Order did not declare these costs illegal. It is incorrect and misleading to imply that the PUC's order from the specific case, with its particular facts and particular parties, must be applied more broadly. It is also important to note that the PUC Order is on appeal.

Table provides breakdown of 2017 Budget full time positions by utility, vacant positions, and vacant position budgeted salaries.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
868	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide the complete detailed wastewater asset listing (including original cost, accumulated depreciation, annual depreciation expense, and net asset value) that will be used in the FY 17 wastewater COS model.	Posted	V re
867	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide the complete detailed water asset listing (including original cost, accumulated depreciation, annual depreciation expense, and net asset value) that will be used in the FY 17 water COS model.	Posted	V
866	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide a listing of all of the revenue requirements inputs to the FY 17 wastewater COS model and compare those amounts to the same categories of input amounts in the FY 13 wastewater COS model.	Posted	S 0
865	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide a listing of all of the revenue requirements inputs to the FY 17 water COS model and compare those amounts to the same categories of input amounts in the FY 13 water COS model.	Posted	S
863	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please verify that AW has properly booked the net proceeds of the sale of the Green Water Treatment Plant (\$34,765,000) into a capital account for future use in capital projects for AW as ordered by the PUCT in Docket No. 42857. How much of the \$34,765,000 booked amount will AW utilize for capital projects FY 17?	Posted	R re d
862	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please verify that AW is properly removing from the COS all amounts transferred to the capital infrastructure fund relating to the Capital Management Department (\$2.6 million in water O&M in FY 13 and \$1.4 million in wastewater O&M in FY 13) as ordered by the PUCT in Docket No. 42857. What are the amounts in AW's FY 17 budget for the Capital Management Department?	Posted	C \$ \$
861	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: What are the legal fees in the FY 17 budget associated with appeals of PUCT decisions or future PUCT rate cases?	Posted	N w h
860	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please provide a listing of all legal fees in the FY 17 budget and the purpose of each.	Posted	F s \$

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available

New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

Summary Response

Wastewater asset listing available electronically upon request.

Water asset listing available electronically upon request.

Schedule includes FY 2013 and FY 2017 wastewater cost of service model revenue requirements.

Schedule includes FY 2013 and FY 2017 water cost of service model revenue requirements.

Response includes details of proper accounting for the resolution of the Green Water Treatment Plant decommissioning and sale of property.

Capital Projects Management Fund budget for FY 2017 is \$1,173,937 for water, \$602,536 for wastewater and \$37,076 for reclaimed.

No FY 2017 budget was included for the appeal of wholesale rate case as internal City Law Department is handling.

FY 2017 budget includes \$860,000 for outside legal services, without any specific purpose. A contract for \$700,000 for outside legal services for the Shady Hollow

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
859	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Does AW agree that simply because an expenditure may be considered by some to be "good for society" does not mean that it is reasonable and necessary to recover the cost in utility rates?	Posted	P A M W
858	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Has AW quantified the difference in rate case expenses required to defend a cash basis approach vs. a utility basis approach at the PUCT? The utility basis will require qualified outside experts to conduct and defend depreciation studies, cost of capital analyses, and cash working capital amounts. If yes, how much is that difference, and how much is included in the FY 17 budget? If not, why not, since AW has indicated that it is considering submitting a utility basis approach to the PUC.	Posted	P A e a T th b o d
857	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 25 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #39 and #40). In PUCT Docket No. 42857, AW spent over \$1.3 million in legal and consulting fees in order to defend its positions before the PUCT and convince the PUCT of the validity of its costs: (SEE LIST IN COMMENTS SECTION) In addition to incurring the outside legal and consulting expenses, AW spent considerable unquantified internal resources working on the case. According to AW staff at the October 5 PIC meeting, AW "may come back" and attempt to convince the PUCT that the PUCT's decisions were wrong and that the previously disallowed items should be included in cost of service. Please quantify the cost of this effort that is included in the FY 17 budget.	Posted	PCdbpSca⊢
853	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 25 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #39 and #40). Listed on those slides are the following PUCT revenue requirement disallowances with their FY 13 amounts added below: 1. Green Water Treatment Plant Costs (\$12,073,835 capital) 2. Revenue Stability Reserve Fund (\$5,516,300 O&M) 3. Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District (\$900,000 O&M) 4. Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant (\$835,516 O&M and \$1,368,571 capital) 5. Utility-wide Contingency (\$176,175 O&M) 6. Green Choice Electricity (\$4,622,644 O&M increase vs. normal electricity costs) What are the FY 17 amounts for the above items? How are these being allocated among customer classes?	Posted	F

## New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC

- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

## Posted: 1/10/2017

Austin Water believes that its' revenue requirements are made up entirely of costs necessary to provide water and wastewater services to customers, to ensure long-term water supply adequacy and to maintain a high water quality water source.

## Posted: 1/3/2017

Austin Water has not quantified the difference in rate case expenses required to defend a cash basis approach versus a utility basis approach at the Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT). Austin Water intends to select the method that best provides a fair and equitable allocation of costs between retail and wholesale customers irrespective of the outcome of the approach or the costs associated with defending the selected allocation basis.

## Posted: 12/29/2016

Other than COS expenses, budgeted at \$494,000 for the duration of the study, and staff salaries, no other costs have been budgeted to support the COS and PUCT rate approval process. However after the start of the new fiscal year, Shady Hollow Municipal Utility District filed a new rate challenge. On November 10, 2016, City Council approved a contract for outside legal service realted to the Shady Hollow rate case in amount not to exceed \$700,000.

Response includes FY 2017 budget for all requested items and the allocation by customer class.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
852	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 25 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #39 and #40). Listed on those slides are the following PUCT revenue requirement disallowances with their FY 13 amounts added below: 1. General Fund Transfer (\$34,524,366 O&M) 2. Rate Case Expenses (\$641,811 O&M in FY 13 budget, \$1.3 million actual) 3. Reclaimed water system (\$960,000 O&M and \$960,000 capital) 4. Reclassification of SWAP and commercial paper costs from capital to operating expense (\$4,000,000 O&M) 5. Allocation of O&M expense to Reclaimed Water (\$4,857,528 O&M) What are the FY 17 amounts for the above items? How are these being allocated among customer classes?	Posted	R( ar
851	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs associated with the City Hall water feature will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, capital costs for the City Hall water feature were \$450,000. What is the amount in FY 17? Is the City Hall water feature currently running? If AW sold the City Hall water feature, could AW still provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water service?	Posted	A W ca re
850	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: What other costs on page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) that are classified as "Budget Reduction" have simply been reclassified, renamed, or otherwise changed such that they remain in the FY 17 budget despite AW's statements that they should be and have been removed?	Posted	3 <sup>.</sup> re el E
849	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for 311 System Support has been classified as "Budget Reduction," which AW staff indicated in the PIC meeting meant that these costs were entirely eliminated from AW's FY 17 budget because they did not relate to AW. Page 30 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document shows \$169,190 for Interdepartmental Charges for FY 17. According to the Austin Water Fund Line Item Description at the end of the same document, Interdepartmental Charges indicates that "this requirement is AW's allocation to fund the 311 System Support" Will this amount be eliminated from the Cost of Service as not necessary for AW to provide service?	Posted	S F S

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

Response includes FY 2017 budget for all requested items and the allocation by customer class.

Austin City Hall water feature was cash funded by Austin Water in FY 2006. There are no ongoing operating or capital costs included in retail or wholesale revenue requirements.

311 System Support costs were not eliminated, only reduced. Transfer to Economic Incentive Reserve fund was eliminated. Austin Water began funding a portion ot the Economic Development Fund.

Schedule provides actual costs for 311 System Support for FY 2013 to FY 2016. FY 2017 budget for 311 System Support is \$169,190.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
848	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for the Radio Communications Fund will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, revenue requirements for the Radio Communications Fund were \$192,470 water and \$192,470 wastewater. What are the amounts in FY 17? If AW eliminated the costs for the Radio Communications Fund, could AW still provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water service? If not, how much could AW reduce the expenditures relating to the costs for the Radio Communications Fund and still continue to provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water, and reclaimed water service?	Posted	Re
847	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for Accounts Receivable Leak Adjustment will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, revenue requirements for the Accounts Receivable Leak Adjustment were \$785,000 water and \$97,100 wastewater. What are the amounts in FY 17? What is the breakout of bad debt expense for each retail class?	Posted	Ad is Al
846	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for Bad Debt Expense will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, revenue requirements for the Bad Debt Expense were \$925,000 water and \$917,500 wastewater. What are the amounts in FY 17? What is the breakout of bad debt expense for each retail class?	Posted	Ba wa cu
845	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	JAY JOYCE	Submitted: 10/24/2016 Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for Reicher Ranch O&M and capital costs will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, revenue requirements included \$105,770 in O&M and \$818,704 in capital costs. What are the amounts in FY 17? If AW sold Reicher Ranch, could AW still provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water service?	Posted	R

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

Regional Radio System budget for FY 2017 is \$253,605 for water and \$0 for wastewater.

Accounts Receivable Leak Adjustments budget for FY 2017 is \$976,000 for water and \$60,100 for wastewater. Allocation by customer class is included in the schedule.

Bad debt expense budget for FY 2017 is \$2,508,825 for water and \$1,850,456 for wastewater. Allocation by customer class is included in the schedule.

Reicher Ranch budget for FY 2017 is \$81,088.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
844	Large Volume	General Cost of Service	Jay Joyce	<b>Submitted: 10/24/2016</b> Industrial/Large Volume: Please reference page 24 of the October 5, 2016, PIC meeting Agenda and Backup document (Slides #37 and #38) which indicates that costs for the Land Management Division will be allocated 100% to retail customers. In FY 13, revenue requirements for the Land Management Division were \$1,458,750. What is the amount in FY 17? If AW eliminated the Land Management Division, could AW still provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water service? If not, how much could AW reduce the expenditures relating to the Land Management Division and still continue to provide water, wastewater, and reclaimed water service?	Posted	L
840	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 10/17/2016 Related to the FY 2017 Proposed O&M budget: a. The program costs for Water Resources Management in the water and wastewater budgets have increased significantly between FY 2014 (Actual) and FY 2017 (Proposed). Can you explain what is driving this increase? b. Were the transfers to Administrative Support in the FY 2017 budget formerly captured within the line item for transfers to Support Services Fund in the FY 2014 and FY 2015 actuals? c. Why is there a transfer to the Economic Development in the FY 2017 budget? Wasn't this a cost no longer to be recovered from Austin Water or did we misunderstand this treatment? d. The program costs for Utility Billing System Support in the wastewater budget have increased significantly between FY 2014 (Actual) and FY 2017 (Proposed). Can you explain what is driving this increase?	Posted	F
839	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 10/17/2016</b> What is the current cash balance for the water, reclaimed water, and wastewater utilities, segregated by purpose (e.g., Rate Stability Reserve, Operating Reserve, etc.)? Please identify any restricted amounts.	Posted	C S
838	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 10/17/2016</b> Please provide the currently outstanding principal amount for any debt that will be repaid by the water, reclaimed water, or wastewater utilities, by series. For shared debt (e.g., General Obligation issues), please identify the percentage of the issue that is allocated to water, reclaimed water, or wastewater.	Posted	\$
837	Residential	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 10/17/2016</b> For the allocation of Customer Care costs between electric, water, wastewater, ARR (solid waste), drainage, transportation and code compliance, please explain the rationale for the following organization costs being allocated to electric, water and wastewater only. Please also provide a brief explanation for each cost. a. Bill Production (Org 8807) b. Revenue Measurement and Control (Org 8811) c. Bill Support (Org 8817) d. Quality Management (Org 8818) e. CCC-Small Commercial (Org 8820) f. Multi-Family Partnership Program (Org 8824)	Posted	F

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available

New responses posted since last PIC/WIC

Responses previously posted on website

Summary Response

Land Management budget for FY 2017 is \$1,446,357.

Responses related to FY 2017 Proposed Operating Budget costs.

Current restricted and non-restricted cash balances as of September 30, 2016 is \$256,611,614.

Outstanding principal as of August 1, 2016 is \$2,325,094,000.

Response includes explanations for each of the requested Customer Care costs and why they were allocated to only electric, water and wastewater only.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
836	All Classes	Cost Recovery Basis	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 10/17/2016</b> Given that only monthly water consumption data is available, please provide the underlying assumptions that will be used to develop the peak day and peak hour water demands by customer class, as well as the basis for these assumptions, if this methodology is pursued.	Posted	S m
834	Residential	General Cost of Service	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 10/17/2016 With as many specifics as possible, please provide Austin Water Utility's plans to address residential rate affordability and the disproportionate cost of water and wastewater service for residential customers as a percentage of MHI (as reported by Fitch).	Posted	R
833	Residential	Customer Demand Characteristics	Grant Rabon	<b>Submitted: 10/17/2016</b> Currently, how much is the average annual residential wastewater bill for Austin Water Utility customers in dollars per month and as a percentage of MHI?	Posted	A W
832	Residential	Customer Demand Characteristics	Grant Rabon	Submitted: 10/17/2016 Currently, how much is the average annual residential water bill for Austin Water Utility customers in dollars per month and as a percentage of median household income (MHI)?	Posted	A w
830	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Dave Yanke	Submitted: 10/12/2016 Question submitted via 09/27/16 PIC meeting. "Can staff provide information as to what other cities are using as a policy for 'Operating Cash Reserves'. Top 30 cities for example."	Posted	P R p ra
829	Wholesale	Revenue Requirements	Robert Anderson	<b>Submitted: 10/12/2016</b> Question submitted via 9/27/2016 WIC meeting. "Please provide a listing of the 'Peaking Factors' for all customer classes".	Posted	S a
828	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Karyn Keese	Submitted: 10/12/2016 09/28/16 PIC Meeting questions submitted Via written document.	Posted	P R e: fu di bi
827	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Amenity Applewhite	Submitted: 10/11/2016 How have you notified Austin residents about the series of public meetings? I polled 22 residents/customers in my neighborhood and 100% had not heard about the Service Rate Study and public participation options. Additionally, I would like information on how you recruited the Public Involvement Committee Members. Thank you.	Posted	S c

- New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC
- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

Summary of peak day and peak hour calculation methodology.

Response provides historical cost reductions and debt management strategies to minimize rate increases.

Average FY 2017 residential water bill of \$41.60 per month which is estimated to be 0.74% of adjusted MHI.

Average FY 2017 residential water bill of \$41.59 per month which is estimated to be 0.74% of adjusted MHI.

## Posted: 1/12/2017

Response provides reserve and debt service coverage policies and results where available for the top 35 cities ranked by population as of July 2014.

Schedule showing FY 2013, FY 2014, FY 2015 and 3-year average peaking factors by customer class.

## Posted: 1/12/2017

Response provides requested information related to expenditure cost categories, transfers, capital program funding, Public Utility Commission of Texas (PUCT) disallowed wholesale expense items and cash versus utility basis revenue requirement calculation.

Summary of Austin Water's cost of service rate study communication initiatives.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
820	All Classes	Cost Recovery Basis	Jim Schaffrath	Submitted: 09/30/2016 Why is it we always approach City utility rates from the revenue side of the ledger? Since we are going to computerized meters are we going to lay off the meter readers? If not, why not? Are there any other cost reducing measures that have been considered? Why haven't we an opportunity to comment on those? I do not want my water bill increased for any reason until we have exhausted cost saving measures.	Posted	Si pa ch
818	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Phil Howry	Submitted: 09/30/2016 Does the AWU pay a tiered-rate structure for water pumped from the LCRA system and by reason of the city's historic "riparian rights" to river water, at what extaction volume does the AWU begin paying the LCRA for water? Does the per unit water treatment costs rise or fall with volume? Please explain. How can AWU funds transferred per annum to the city's general fund be deemed a legitimate AWU "rate matrix expense"?	Posted	S co us
817	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Marcia Stokes	<b>Submitted: 09/30/2016</b> Can staff provide an updated history of fixed & volumetric charges by customer class as provided in AWU 2012 Joint Subcommittee Financial Plan website question 208 2/24/2012?	Posted	S by co
816	All Classes	Customer Demand Characteristics	Dan Wilcox	<b>Submitted: 09/29/2016</b> Question submitted at 09/27/16 PIC meeting. "Can staff provide the revenue by customer class for FY 2015 in the same format as the consumption/flows by customer class?"	Posted	S co 20
815	Multifamily	Customer Demand Characteristics	Marcia Stokes	<b>Submitted: 09/29/2016</b> Requested information during the 09/27/16 PIC meeting. "What are the population percentages for 'single-family' residential and 'multi-family' residential water and wastewater customer of Austin Water?"	Posted	C 4
814	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Lanetta Cooper	<b>Submitted: 09/28/2016</b> Water and Wastewater Cost of Service meeting questions to cover over the course of the study. Submitted by Lanetta Cooper during the Public Involvement Committee on Tuesday, September 27, 2016.	Posted	Q
805	Wholesale	General Cost of Service	Clay Collins	<b>Submitted: 09/27/2016</b> There was some mention at today's Wholesale Cost of Service meeting about the PUC settlement with some of the wholesale customers. My understanding is that part of this case dealt with costs that were included in the current cost of service model that were determined not to be applicable to wholesale customers. Can the costs that were disallowed by the PUC be identified and discussed at one of the next two Committee meetings? And can we be informed as to which of these costs COA intends to include in the 2017 Revenue Requirements for Wholesale Customers?	Posted	R di S 2 p

- New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC
- Information not yet available
- New responses posted since last PIC/WIC
- Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

Summary of Austin Water's cost reduction efforts over the past several years and impact on meter reading costs when changing to advanced metering infrastructure.

Summary of City of Austin water rights, Austin Water firm contract with LCRA, \$100M prepaid reservation and water use and the 201,000 acre feet trigger.

Schedules showing historical fixed and volumetric charges by customer class for the first and final year of the previous cost of service model use time periods.

Schedule showing number of customers for August 2016, consumption/flows for FY 2015, and Actual Revenue for FY 2015.

Current population estimates include 56% single family and 44% multifamily

Questions submitted by Lanetta Cooper were subsequently separated into questions 921 to 944.

Revenue requirements disallowed by the PUC were discussed at the October 5, 2016 PIC and WIC meetings. Subsequent discussion took place at the November 29, 2016 PIC and WIC meetings and Raftelis provided their perspective.

ID	Class	Торіс	Requestor	Question	Status	
804	All Classes	General Cost of Service	Martin Hodell	Submitted: 08/24/2016 Could you please share the historical rates and % change by year from ~1995 to 2016. Please indicate what level of consumption is assumed (e.g., 10k gallons/mo, 15k gallons)	Posted	So ar in
	Total Numbe Total Numbe	er of Questions Su er Posted:	ubmitted:	100 84		
	Total Numbe	er InProgress:		16		

New questions submitted since last PIC/WIC Information not yet available New responses posted since last PIC/WIC Responses previously posted on website

## Summary Response

Schedule showing average monthly water bills at 10,000 and 15,000 gallons usage from 1995 to 2016 with % increase from prior year.



## **Decision Point Handout | PIC**





## **Decision Point Handout | PIC**



# Decision Point Handout | PIC

## Decision Point Handout January 4, 2017 PIC and WIC Meetings







1

			Issue #1: Revenue R	equirement Determination for Who	lesale Customers	
	Change?	If Yes,	Cash	Basis	Utility Basis (Op	otion for Change)
lssue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros	Cons	Pros	Cons
How should the revenue requirement for wholesale customers be determined? Status Quo: Cash Basis Revenue Requirement Determination		Utility Basis	<ol> <li>Historically used – "generally" accepted by all customers</li> <li>Simple, easy to understand, determine, update and administer</li> <li>All customers treated the same; same methodology used for everyone</li> <li>Matches City's budget and accounting methodology, i.e., cash method</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>O/C customers start paying for assets before placed into service</li> <li>No explicit return to I/C customers for investment and risk to serve O/C customers</li> <li>Potential for material rate changes based on capital financing decisions (e.g., debt vs. cash funding)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Provides explicit return to I/C customers for investment and risk to serve O/C customers (O/C rates are higher for the same level of service)</li> <li>Fairness and equity in terms of return provided to I/C customers (O/C rate are higher for the same level of service)</li> <li>Fairness and equity for O/C customers in terms of elimination of subjective decisions by AW regarding method of capital financing which can cause material rate changes</li> <li>Enhanced level of rate stability for O/C customers</li> <li>O/C customer do not pay a return on assets or depreciation until assets are in service</li> <li>Consistent with methodology used by PUCT in the regulation of investor-owned utilities</li> <li>Widely used by other local government utility providers across the US in O/C service arrangements</li> <li>The PUC is currently considering a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking that would require municipal/local government electric utilities to use the Utility Basis for O/C customers. This may indicate a preference that municipal water utilities will also be required to employ the Utility Basis for O/C customers.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>New approach for customers to understand</li> <li>Absent an agreed upon methodology, potential exists for extensive debate regarding determination of the cost of equity capital</li> <li>Requires the determination of the used and useful rate base – potential for debate regarding in-service date and "usefulness" for assets under construction</li> <li>Represents costs in a manner different than the City's current cash budget methodology</li> <li>Transitioning to the Utility Basis for O/C customers may raise questions regarding the recovery of capital-related costs. During WIC meeting discussions, concern was raised of "paying for assets twice", based on the disconnect between financing periods and asset life, on which depreciation and rate of return is paid under the Utility Basis.</li> <li>When considering fairness of utility rates, PUC ruling guidelines may favor the consistency of method applied, regardless of the method in use. This "fairness" concern is a consideration when evaluating a move from the Cash to the Utility Basis.</li> </ol>
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	2 on October 5,	2016 / PIC Meeting #3 on October 25, 2016		1	1
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	#2 on October 5	, 2016 / WIC Meeting #3 on November 8, 2016			
Consultant Recommendation:	AW should us	e the utility basis	s method to determine the revenue requirement fo	r wholesale customers (see consultant Technical M	emorandum dated October 17, 2016)	
PIC & WIC Comments:	and understar Marcia Stokes and multifami Jay Joyce (Wi utility basis re Gary Rose (W Howard Hage implement an Don Conklin ( transparency	nds and it will all s (PIC-Multifami ily PIC rep that th C): Since there's soults before mal (IC-Southwest W mann (WIC-Wel ad transparency of WIC-North Aust of the process.	ow for some flexibility with the Rate Of Return to co ly): Yes, supports utility basis. I prefer the path of le ne utility basis be used for wholesale and outside cit no guarantee that either cash or utility basis will re- king a decision. Vater Co.): Preference for utility basis with caveats: of ls Branch MUD): It seems the utility basis is used by can be an issue with respect to handling assets in MUD #1): Concerned because Utility basis is more	over any subsidies that could occur as a result of the ast resistance. How many times do you want to go by customers while inside city remain cost basis. sult in increase or decrease of cost of service, it will capital expenses, used and useful, and reasonable ra- a number of utilities and AW seems to be leaning to e complicated than the cash basis. Also, worried th	back to the PUCT for the same issues? I agree with point be tough for customer classes to decide without a result of the same set of the same	previous comments by residential rate advocate rough estimate. Would need to see both cash and eems to say utility basis will be difficult to pocations from the PUCT, but is encouraged by the

	Dave Yanke (PIC- Residential Rate Advocate): Conditional yes, for utility basis but it depends upon the methodology assumptions so it's hard to be absolute. Utility basis for y
	too. Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate): Concurs with Dave Yanke.
	<ul> <li>Todd Davey (PIC-Industrial/Large Volume): Conditional yes because of concerns of additional policy for wholesale and retail (i.e. capital expenses funding vs debt funding). V equals less equitability for cash basis. Have concern with how any new rules will impact the retail side. Utility basis puts the onus on Austin Water to manage the rate of return Dan Wilcox (PIC-Industrial/Large Volume): Last PIC, the wholesale and retail customers were in the same room. Some data showed that there was very little impact with two depreciation study borne by utility, with very little benefit. Utility basis has benefit, but not sure if there is a return. Probably Cash Basis.</li> <li>Mary Guerrero-McDonald (Commercial): I'm neutral. Find what's best for commercial. I agree with Todd Davey. This issue is between Austin Water and wholesale not paying to business-like and straightforward.</li> </ul>
	Luke Metzger (PIC-Environmental): I'm neutral. Chien Lee (PIC-W/WW Commissioner): Keep it simple and straightforward. Utility basis seems more predictable, less risky. Jay Joyce (WIC - via e-mail on 1/10/17): Given the lack of information on how rates will be calculated, we have no position at this time regarding changing methods from cash methods will result in massive rate case expenses for both sides.
Executive Team Decision:	

or wholesale is not atypical; Fort Worth does it for wastewater,

What is the rate of return? Less flexibility with utility basis turn. Cash is more flexible, susceptible to swings in costs, etc. two methods (UB and CB). There are potential costs with

ers. I only care how it impacts retail customers. ng for assets till they are in place and rate of return. It's more

ash to utility basis; however, we would note that changing

			issue #2. Revenue Requ	irement Determination for Outside	
lanua	Change? (Yes or	If Yes, Option	Cash		Utility
Issue	No)	for Change	Pros	Cons	Pros
How should the revenue requirement for outside city retail customers be determined?		Utility Basis	Same as Issue #1	Same as Issue #1	Same as Issue #1
<u>Status Quo</u> : Cash Basis Revenue Requirement Determination					
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	2 on October 5,	2016 / PIC Meeting #3 on October 25, 2016		
WIC Meeting Dates:	-		-		
Consultant Recommendation:	PIC Meeting #2 on October 5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #3 on October 25, 2016         WIC Meeting #2 on October 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #3 on November 8, 2016         WIC Meeting #2 on October 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #3 on November 8, 2016         AW should use the utility basis method to determine the revenue requirement for outside customers (see consultant Technical Memorandum dated October 17, 2016)         ::       Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate): Concerned that assets are not segregated between inside and outside, so you would be blind how to allocate the assets for customers than inside city due to lot sizes and fewer customers per line mile         Chuck Loy (PIC-Multifamily): The multifamily recommends the outside rates be determined by the utility method. For two reasons. 1) It is a method that the Texas PUC is if flexibility with the Rate Of Return to recover other costs. Also, what are the costs differences between inside and outside customers?         Marcia Stokes (PIC-Multifamily): 1 agree with previous comments by residential rate advocate and multifamily PIC rep that the utility basis be used for wholesale and outs Gary Rose (WIC-Southwest Water Co.): 1 agree that wholesale and Outside City should probably be the same (Utility basis), but have a hard time making a decision for and Lanetta Cooper (PIC-Residential/Low Income): The PUCT generally looks at rates on a system wide basis, so you will need to justify a change between Outside City customers? Can you leave O/C as cash basis? I'm on the fence. Keep a bright line and regulatory ra changing to utility basis is factoring reserves, etc. Can those be recovered in the utility basis model? We need to clarify that what we're really taking about is preventing re basis has clearer guidelines.				
PIC & WIC Comments:	customers tha Chuck Loy (Plu flexibility with Marcia Stokes Gary Rose (W Lanetta Coop using system- changing to un	an inside city du C-Multifamily): In the Rate Of Ref S (PIC-Multifamily) (IC-Southwest M er (PIC-Resident wide data. Will tility basis ie fac	e to lot sizes and fewer customers per line mile The multifamily recommends the outside rates be o turn to recover other costs. Also, what are the costs <b>ily):</b> I agree with previous comments by residential o <b>Vater Co.):</b> I agree that wholesale and Outside City s <b>tial/Low Income):</b> The PUCT generally looks at rates Outside City customers become Inside City custome	letermined by the utility method. For two reasons. differences between inside and outside customers rate advocate and multifamily PIC rep that the utilit hould probably be the same (Utility basis), but have on a system wide basis, so you will need to justify rs? Can you leave O/C as cash basis? I'm on the fen	1) It is a method that the Texas PUC is mo ? y basis be used for wholesale and outside a hard time making a decision for anothe a change between Outside City and Inside ce. Keep a bright line and regulatory rate
Executive Team Decision:					

tion for Change)
Cons
Same as Issue #1
There is more investment to service outside
with and understands and 2) it will allow for some
ners while inside city remain cost basis. s.
n Energy rate payers appealed at the PUCT by I share same concerns as Todd Davey regarding ng on retail. I have no strong feelings but utility

	Change?	If Yes,	Issue #3: General Fund Transfer in Wholesale Revenue Reduce or Eliminate the General	I Fund Transfer (Option for Change)
	(Yes or	Option for		
Issue	No)	Change	Pros	
Should the General Fund Transfer be a part of the revenue requirement for wholesale customers? Status Quo: Maintain General Fund Transfer in the Wholesale Revenue Fund Requirement		Reduce or eliminate the General Fund Transfer and/or consider other forms of justification, e.g., PILOT, Franchise Fee, and/or Street Rental Fee	<ol> <li>Wholesale customers received no benefit from the inside city governmental services funded by the transfer.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>It is standard practice for municipal operation of municipal utilities. Pay         <ol> <li>Direct transfer such as that</li> <li>Payment in lieu of taxes the investor-owned utilities</li> <li>Franchise fee that is conce</li> </ol> </li> <li>Austin Energy makes an annual Ger for Austin Water to be different</li> <li>The General Fund Transfer is a cost company providing water and waste business" that should also be paid to 4. The amount of the General Fund Tr appropriately made by the Austin C for this or any other level of General</li> </ol>
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting	l #4 on November 8,	2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	g #5 on November 2	29, 2016	
Consultant		-	ess of how they are structured or what they labeled, are a valid operating expense incurred by many m	-
Recommendation: PIC & WIC Comments:			he General Fund Transfer as a payment-in-lieu of taxes and/or a Franchise Fee. In the meantime, the Au <b>ter Co.):</b> it seems rate of return and General Fund Transfer is double dipping under a utility basis.	ustin Water General Fund Transfer should co
	Robert Ande Don Conklin Charles Winf customer, so Luke Metzge Lanetta Coop cost of invest change. Unc factor and in Todd Davey by wholesale Chuck Loy (P Dave Yanke basis, there i Jesse Penn (I Karyn Keese	erson (WIC-Northto (WIC-North Austin field (WIC-City of R it must pay approver (PIC-Environmen per (PIC-Residentia tment risk/reward, der utility basis, the creasing the genera (PIC-Industrial/Lar e. The city should re (PIC-Multifamily): I a (PIC-Residential Ra s a rate of return en PIC-W/WW Commit	<ul> <li>tal): They need to pay their fair share for doing business with the city of Austin.</li> <li>I/Low Income): Strongly support the general fund transfer - The Texas Supreme Court has already addr there are some expenses (police protection, right of way, street rental fees) that maybe there should b re should be a rate of return/profit. Certain costs that general fund transfer should not apply, such as C al fund transfer percentage.</li> <li>ge Volume): Agrees with Lanetta. They're different jurisdictions (city of Austin and PUCT). Set up those cover funds that hit operating expenses. How does wholesale get their voice heard? General Fund Tran gree. Those costs should be recovered in some way such as rate of return or PILOT to explain to PUCT te Advocate): I agree with Chuck Loy that General fund transfer should be allocated to wholesale custo mbedded along with a PILOT. This needs to be fair and defensible.</li> <li>issioner): What did the WIC say?</li> <li>You need some formula/mechanism other than a flat 8.2% and it should be part of wholesale revenue r</li> </ul>	ated that this continues to be an issue becau ying Austin Energy indirectly for its general f ressed this. City has a right to a profit, but w be an additional cost to be recovered throug CWIP and CIP equity funding. AE made gene rates of return in another fashion. I don't th nsfer and city of Austin don't apply to them. omers such as in other cities. There are othe
Executive Team Decision:				

## e)

## Cons

al governments to earn a "profit" or "dividend" from the ayments to the General Fund can be structures in several ways: at made by Austin Water and Austin Energy

hat is conceptually similar to the property taxes paid by

eptually similar to the fee also paid by investor-owned utilities eneral Fund Transfer to the City of Austin - there is no reason

st of doing business that would be incurred by a private stewater services in the City and as such is a "cost of doing d by wholesale customers

Fransfer (8.2% of Gross Revenues) is a policy decision

City Council. Council does not need to justify their reasoning ral Fund Transfer.

the revenue requirement of the wholesale customers. There is continue in the amount specified by Austin City Council.

Transfer.

ause it has already been ruled upon. I fund transfer. Response: Austin Water is an inside city

would not call it a general fund transfer. Over and above the ugh rate of return. For inside city customers, no feeling of neral fund transfer less volatile by removing the fuel adjustment

think the city of Austin should mandate General Fund Transfer n.

ner mechanisms such as Franchise fee or PILOT. Under Utility

vays to transfer money to the general fund. PILOT, Franchise

	Issue #4: Rate Recovery of Costs Incurred to Meet Financial Benchmarks		al Benchmarks	
	Change?	If Yes,	Reduce or Eliminate the Cost of Meeting Fina	ncial Benchmarks in Rates (Option f
lssue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros	
Is it appropriate for Austin Water to continue to include in rates the costs incurred to meet financial benchmarks related to items such as Debt Service Coverage; Cash Reserves, and specific target levels of debt in the Austin Water capital structure? Status Quo: Continue to include the cost of meeting financial benchmarks in the rates paid by both retail and wholesale customers		Reduce or eliminate the cost of meeting financial benchmarks in the rates paid by both retail and wholesale customers.	<ol> <li>Austin Water should only include in rates the absolute minimum costs necessary to maintain contractually mandated debt service coverage requirements (nothing more), the minimum possible cash reserve levels. Austin Water CIP financing decisions should be made solely on the basis of what results in the lowest rates today. Consideration of long-term capital structure issues and the reduced risks of have lower amounts of debt should not be considered in CIP financing decisions.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Financially stable utilities must main bare minimum. This is the only way is unforeseen events such as severe an</li> <li>Financially stable utilities must enga- capital structure with the appropriat the financial risk of too much debt a cash funded CIP.</li> <li>Austin Water must compete for func- costs incurred to meet reasonable fi Water's borrowing costs and ensure</li> </ol>
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	3 on October 5, 3	 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	#2 on October 5,	2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 25, 2016	
Consultant       The costs incurred to meet reasonable financial benchmarks should be included in rates and allocated to both retail and wholesa         Recommendation:       PIC & WIC Comments:         Jay Joyce (WIC-Wells Branch MUD): Concerned how cash reserves would be incorporated into utility basis. Response: AW would	mers.			
	Howard Hage Gary Rose (W Don Conklin ( Luke Metzger Grant Rabon ( Please share t Karyn Keese ( Todd Davey (F Water's rates benchmarking have an afford Lanetta Coope into a utility b Dave Yanke (F	mann (WIC-Well IC-Southwest W WIC-North Austi (PIC-Environme (PIC-Residential) PIC-Residential) PIC-Industrial/La are already high g. My baseline is dability goal like d er (PIC-Residenti asis model. Thes PIC-Residential R	Is Branch MUD): How will would cash reserves be allocated to wholesale customers? ater Co.): Is Austin Water's bond rating separate from the city of Austin's and Austin Energy's bond ratings in MUD #1): What is debt service requirement? Would like to see backup information. Are the reserves blo ntal): It's absolutely appropriate because of the drought Austin Water had to improve its financial metrics Rate Advocate): Must comply with debt convents, but current levels are above convents. What level is the	? Response: Yes, Austin Water is an Enterp ocked from the City taking? Response: Reser- e appropriate level? And Why? Need to sul ke a more formalized policy. I would like to e concerns about pre-collecting for future r contacted the Fitch analyst and there are m decisions impacting your revenue and dem over these costs. I think Austin Water will ha share Todd and Grant's concerns for I/C –
Executive Team Decision:				

## n for Change)

## Cons

intain debt service coverage and cash reserve levels above the y to protect ratepayers from emergency rate increases due to and prolonged drought and major infrastructure failures. gage in CIP financing strategies that move toward an optimal ate balance of debt and equity. Such a capital structure limits and minimizes the rate increases cause by the use of too much

nds and issue debt in the capital markets. Including in rates the financial benchmarks is prudent because it lowers Austin res unfettered access to the debt markets.

rprise fund. serves are locked and not available to be taken by the city.

ubstantiate that amount/target necessary to operate the utility

to see a sampling of other debt service coverage plans. e rate increases. Your stated targets are way out of line. Austin more parts to a bond rating than what Austin Water is emand, more so than with Austin Energy. Austin Water should

have difficulty squeezing debt service coverage and reserves – why do you need such a big piggy bank? Incrementally get there without significant rate increases. The

	Issue #5: Allocation of a Portion of Rate Case Expenses to Wholesale Customer			olesale Customers
	Change? If Yes, Allocate a Portion of Rate Case Expenses to Wholesale Customers (Option		o Wholesale Customers (Option f	
	(Yes or	Option for	 Dues	
Issue	No)	Change		
			1. Rate case expenses are a valid operating cost that benefit all customers, retail and wholesale.	1. As the petitioning party challenging
				any rate case expenses.
Issue         Change? (Yes or No)         If Yes, Option for No)         Allocate a Portion of Rate Case Expenses to Pros           The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion frate case expenses to the wholesale customers.         If Austin Water incurs rate case expenses in the future, a portion of these costs should be allocated to the wholesale customers.         I. Rate case expenses are a valid operating cost that benefit all customers, retail and wholesale.           Status Quo: If Austin Water requirement requirement.         I. Rate case expenses are a valid operating cost that benefit all customers, retail and wholesale.           Status Quo: If Austin Water incurs rate case expenses in the future, they should continue to be excluded from the wholesale customer revenue requirement.         PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016           PIC Meeting Dates:         PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016           WIC Meeting Dates:         Wic Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016           PIC & WIC Comments:         Fragurement allocated to wholesale customers. If incurred in the requirement allocated to wholesale customers.           PIC & WIC Comments:         Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate): Per our discussion at the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, I an formally indicating my strong bel requirement allocated to wholesale customers. If oncurred in the disallowed costs that are inconsistent with, or inappropriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.           PIC & WIC Comments:         Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate case expenses can be included but you're not guaranteed to recover them, the PUCT occas Robert Wood (WIC-City of Westake HIIIs): inside ci				
rate case?		requirement.		
Status Quo: If Austin				
expenses in the future,				
they should continue to				
be excluded from the				
wholesale customer				
revenue requirement.				
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	 #5 on November 29	, 2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	#4 on November 29	9, 2016	
Consultant	Rate case exp	enses are a natural	outcome of the regulatory process that benefits both retail and wholesale customers. If incurred in the	e future, wholesale customers should be
			5 /1	, ,
PIC & WIC Comments:	any rate case expenses to the object of the grant of			
	-	Instrument       Instrument         Instrument       I		
				the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (which lusion under the utility basis. To of these is a something we would support. Why do you repeatedly try to include costs that have been repeatur concession would be what's included in rate case expenses. I/C elects the Council who sets rates, they hav included but you're not guaranteed to recover them; the PUCT occasionally disallows.
		-		
	-	-		
				-
	excluded from the to excluded from the nolesale customer, we requirement.       PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016         C Meeting Dates:       PIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016         IC Meeting Dates:       WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016         ansultant commendation:       Rate case expenses are a natural outcome of the regulatory process that benefits both retail and wholesale customers. If incurred in the future, wholesale customers shou commendation:         C & WIC Comments:       Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate): Per our discussion at the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursus requirement allocated to wholesale customers. The only exception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (vidisallowed costs that are inconsistent with, or inappropriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.         Don Conklin (WIC-North Austin MUD #1): I don't think allowing any of these is a something we would support. Why do you repeatedly try to include costs that have been negotiations result in agreement and a rate case is not necessary. Our concession would be what's included in rate case expenses. I/C elects the Council who sets rates, the Gary Rose (WIC-Southwest Water Co.): Rate case expenses can be included but you're not guaranteed to recover them; the PUCT occasionally disallows. Robert Mood (WIC-City of Westlake Hills): inside city should pay all of the rate case expenses. If the argument for rate of return is that they bear the risk, then inside city I like a private company shareholders.         Charles Winfield (WIC-North Austin MUD): Exclude them       Robert Anderson (WIC-Wiells Branch MUD): Exclude them. <td></td>			
sekt on loulde these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in its next rate case? Status Quo: If Austin Water incurs rate case expenses in the future, be excluded from the wholesale customer revenue requirement. PIC Meeting Dates: PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016 WIC Meeting Dates: WIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016 Recommendation: PIC Meeting Dates: MIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016 Recommendation: PIC & WIC Comments: Grant Rabor (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate): Per our discussion at the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, 1 am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pur requirement allocated to wholesale customers. The only exception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis. Don Conklin (WIC-North Austin MUD #1): I don't think allowing any of these is a something we would support. Why doy our expectedly that Austin Water should pur requirement allocated to wholesale customers. The only exception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis. Don Conklin (WIC-North Austin MUD #1): I don't think allowing any of these is a something we would support. Why do you repeatedly thy to include costs that are inconsistent wild, or in appropriate for, includue on the utility basis. Don Conklin (WIC-North Austin MUD #1): I don't think allowing any of these is a something we would support. Why do you repeatedly thy to include costs that have bee negotiations result in agreement and ar at case is not necessary. Our roncession would be what's included in rate case expenses. If elevense is the coust with weight on the state are prevised and a rate case is not necessary. Curve result in agreement Auders on (WIC-City of Mustake Hills): inside city should pay all of the rate case expenses. If the argument for rate of return is that they bear the risk, then inside city include them. Robert Wood (WIC-City of Mustake Hills): inside city should pay all of the rate case expenses. If the argument for rate of return is that				
	Jay Joyce (WI	C-Wells Branch ML	JD): Yes, of course done properly evidence will be deliberated through judge and a decision will be reac	hed
Executive Team Decision:				
1	1			

on for Change)
Cons
enging Austin Water's rates, wholesale customers should not pay
d be allocated a portion of Austin Water's rate case expenses.
e the inclusion of previously disallowed costs into the revenue which I support) and, then, Austin Water could exclude only those repeatedly disallowed by the PUCT? Best case scenario, by have redress, O/C doesn't.
pear the risk of rate case expenses. Shareholders assume a risk, just

	Change?	If Yes,	Issue #6: Allocation of a Portion of Reclaimed Water Costs to V	
	(Yes or	Option for	Allocate a Portion of Reclaimed Water Costs	to Wholesale Customers (Option fo
Issue	No)	Change	Pros	
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of reclaimed water costs to the wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in its next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude reclaimed water costs from the wholesale customer revenue requirement.		Allocate a portion of Austin Water's reclaimed water costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.	<ol> <li>Reclaimed water is a cost effective source of supply that diversifies Austin Water's water supply portfolio and enhances the total amount of water available to all customers (retail and wholesale). Specifically, if more reclaimed water used, more of Austin Water's existing sources of supply are available for potable water customers, retail and wholesale. For this reason, both retail and wholesale customers should be allocated a portion of reclaimed water costs.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Even though reclaimed water increase (retail and wholesale), wholesale cus be allocated a portion of reclaimed v</li> </ol>
PIC Meeting Dates:		-	r 5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #3 on November 25, 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:		-	er 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #3 on November 8, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016	
Consultant Recommendation:	Reclaimed v	vater is a valid so	urce of supply that benefits the entire system. A portion of reclaimed water costs should be allocated to v	wholesale customers.
	only excepti inappropria Jay Joyce (V Robert And Howard Hay Don Conklin should pay f	ion to this genera te for, inclusion u VIC-Wells Branch erson (WIC-Nort gemann (WIC-W n (WIC-North Aus for it. We have no	meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the inclu al statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (which I support) under the utility basis. <b>MUD</b> ): I oppose based on testimony in the case. What circumstances have changed since the ruling in th <b>htown MUD/Wells Branch MUD</b> ): I agree with Jay. The PUCT has already ruled. This is an unnecessary exp ells Branch MUD): I agree and oppose and we don't use any reclaimed water. <b>stin MUD #1</b> ): I recommend disallowing. The return is very low and there is not a significant contribution to o standing to address those choices. <b>of Rollingwood</b> ): I agree and oppose. Disallow. Does the PUCT give any reasons for disallowances?	and, then, Austin Water could exclude only is case? Ie are there any EPA or regulatory of pense to Northtown and Wells Branch.
Executive Team Decision:				

n for Change)	
Cons	
eases the overall amount of water available to all customers	
customers do not use reclaimed water and therefore should n	ot
d water costs.	

the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale customers. The only those disallowed costs that are inconsistent with, or

ry obligations?

n has a policy to support these types of initiatives, then they

	Chara 2	1	e #7: Allocation of a Portion of the Reclassified SWAP and Commercial Particular	•
	Change?	If Yes,	Allocate a Portion of SWAP and Commercial Paper	Costs to Wholesale Customers (Op
Issue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros	
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of SWAP and commercial paper costs the wholesale customers. Status Quo: Continue to exclude SWAP and commercial paper costs from the wholesale customer revenue		Allocate a portion of Austin Water's SWAP and commercial paper costs to the wholesale customer revenue	<ol> <li>SWAP and commercial paper costs are valid debt issuance costs that are incurred by Austin Water to fund CIP projects that provide service to all customers. These costs were previously amortized over the life of each debt instrument. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board now requires these costs to be expensed in the year incurred. It is appropriate for all customers, both retail and wholesale, to be allocated a portion of SWAP and Commercial paper costs.</li> </ol>	1.
requirement		requirement		
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	1 · 2 on November	l 5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	#2 on Novembe	r 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016	
Consultant Recommendation:	SWAP and co	mmercial paper	costs are a valid operating cost. A portion of drainage fees should be allocated wholesale customers.	
PIC & WIC Comments:	Per our discus The only exce	ssion at the PIC r ption to this ger	Rate Advocate)         meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the inclueral statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (which I supnder the utility basis.	
LACUUVE TEdin Decision.				

Customers
rs (Option for Change)
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into the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale customers.
exclude only those disallowed costs that are inconsistent with, or

		r	Illocation of a Portion of the Green Water Treatment Plant Capital Costs to Wholesale Custome			
	-	or Option for	Allocate a Portion of Green Water Treatment Plant Capital Costs to Wholesale Custor			
lssue			Pros			
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of Green Water Treatment Plant costs to the wholesale customers. Green Water has been decommissioned by Austin Water for treatment service. However, the plant is still used for training activities and a small about of debt service costs associated with the plant remaining outstanding. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude the Green Water Treatment Plant costs from the wholesale customer revenue requirement.		Allocate a portion of Green Water Treatment Plant costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.	<ol> <li>Although the Green Water Treatment Plant has been decommissioned, it is still being used for training purposes to the benefit of all customers, both retail and wholesale.</li> </ol>	1. The Green Water Treatment Pl		
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	2 on November 5.	2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016			
WIC Meeting Dates:	_		, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016			
Consultant Recommendation:	A portion of t	hese costs should l	be allocated to wholesale customers.			
PIC & WIC Comments:	Per our discus customers. Th	e only exception t	ate Advocate) eting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the o this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these custom opriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.			
Executive Team Decision						

## mers tomers (Option for Change) Cons t Plant does not pass the "used and useful" test. l costs into the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale ustin Water could exclude only those disallowed costs that

		1	Issue #9: Allocation of Revenue Stability Reserve Fund Costs to Who	lesale Customers	
	Change? (Yes or	If Yes, Option for	Allocate a Portion of Revenue Stability Reserve Fund Costs to Wholesale Custo		
Issue			Pros		
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's	No)	Change Allocate a	1. The Revenue Stability Reserve Fund protects the financial integrity of Austin Water	1. The entire risk of revenue fl	
allocation of a portion of Revenue	•	portion of the	caused by revenue fluctuations. This is a valid operating cost that accrues to the benefit		
Stability Reserve Fund costs to the		Revenue		customers. Therefore, no p	
wholesale customers. Should Austin		Stability	of all customers, both retail and wholesale.	customers.	
Water seek to include these costs in		Reserve Fund			
the wholesale customer revenue		costs to the to			
requirement in the next rate case?		the wholesale			
		customer			
Status Quo: Continue to exclude		revenue			
Revenue Stability Reserve Fund		requirement.			
costs from the wholesale customer					
revenue requirement.					
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	2 on November 5,	2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016	I	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	#2 on November 5	, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016		
Consultant Recommendation:	The maintena	nce of a Revenue S	stability Reserve Fund is a valid operating cost that benefits all customers. Wholesale customers	should be allocated a portion of th	
	customers. Th	e only exception to	eting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the o this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these custon opriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.		
Executive Team Decision:					

## omers (Option for Change)

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e fluctuations should be borne by Austin Water's retail potion of these costs should be allocated to wholesale

these costs.

ved costs into the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale , Austin Water could exclude only those disallowed costs that

			llocation of a Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District C	Costs to Wholesale Custor		
	Change?		Allocate a Portion of Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District Costs to Wholesa			
Issue	(Yes or No)		Pros			
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District costs to wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation costs from the wholesale customer revenue requirement		Allocate a portion of Barton Springs/Edwar ds Aquifer Conservation District costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.	<ol> <li>The fee paid by Austin Water for the Barton Springs/Edwards Aquifer Conservation District was mandated by State of Texas legislation.</li> <li>The Conservation District's Land Management Program contributes to Austin's water quality by absorbing rainfall which helps alleviate flooding and maximizes inflows of water to area creeks and lakes. This is a valid operating cost incurred by Austin Water to provide service and is a benefit to all customers, both retail and wholesale.</li> </ol>	1.		
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting #	2 on November 5,	2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016			
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	WIC Meeting #2 on November 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016				
Consultant Recommendation:	The Barton Sp	rings/Edwards Aqu	uifer Conservation District costs are a valid operating expense that benefit all customers. Wholesal	e customers should be allocated a pe		
PIC & WIC Comments:	Per our discus customers. Th	e only exception to	eting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the i o this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these custome ate for, inclusion under the utility basis.			
Executive Team Decision						

mers
ale Customers (Option for Change)
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portion of these costs.

	Issue #	#11: Allocatior	n of a Portion of the Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant O&M an	d Capital Costs to Wholesal	
	Change?	If Yes,	Allocate a Portion of Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant O&M and Capital Costs to Wholes		
(Yes or Issue No)	-	Pros			
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant costs to the wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude the Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant costs from the wholesale customer revenue requirement		Allocate a portion of Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.	<ol> <li>Although the Govalle Wastewater Treatment Plant has been decommissioned, it is still being used for purposes that benefit all customers, both retail and wholesale. This includes various treatment support functions, emergency wastewater flow diversion, and for storage of treatment plant and infrastructure assets.</li> </ol>	1. The Govalle Wastewater Treatm not be allocated to wholesale cu	
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting	#2 on November 5,	2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016		
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meeting	g #2 on November 5	, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016		
Consultant Recommendation:	The Govalle	Wastewater Treatm	ent Plant capital should be allocated to wholesale customers.		
Executive Team Decision	customers. 1	The only exception to	eting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue t o this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these custo ate for, inclusion under the utility basis.		
Executive Team Decision					

ale Customers
esale Customers (Option for Change)
Cons
nent Plant does not pass the "used and useful" test and should ustomers.
costs into the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale stin Water could exclude only those disallowed costs that are

		1	Issue #12: Allocation of a Portion of the Utility-Wide Contingency to				
	Change?		Allocate a Portion of the Utility-Wide Contingency to Wholesale Customers (Op				
Issue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros				
Issue The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of its utility- wise contingency to the wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude the Utility-Wide Contingency from the wholesale customer revenue requirement	Allocate portion o Utility-W Continge to the wholesal custome revenue	Allocate a portion of the Utility-Wide Contingency to the wholesale customer	<ol> <li>The utility revenue requirement item designed to provide funds in case of emergency repair or other unplanned contingency. This is a valid operating cost that benefits all customers, both retail and wholesale.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Austin Water maintains other resists redundant.</li> <li>Austin Water must ensure that the requirement is appropriate based</li> </ol>			
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting	g #2 on Novembe	er 5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016				
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meetir	ng #2 on Novemb	per 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016				
Consultant Recommendation:		-		justified, a portion of this cost should be a			
		Austin Water must demonstrate why its requested contingency is appropriate to be included in the revenue requirement. If justified, a portion of this cost should be a Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate) Per our discussion at the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the inclusion of previously disallowed co sustomers. The only exception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (which I support) and, then, Austi re inconsistent with, or inappropriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.					
Executive Team Decision							

ption for Change)
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reserve funds and the use of a utility-wide contingency cost
the amount of the contingency included in its revenue sed on its actual history of expenditures.
e allocated to wholesale customers.
costs into the revenue requirement allocated to wholesale Istin Water could exclude only those disallowed costs that

		Issue #	13: Allocation of Water Treatment Plant No. 4 Costs to W	holesale Customers		
	Change? (Yes or No)	If Yes,	Allocate a Portion of Wastewater Treatment Plant No. 4 Costs to Wholesale Custon			
lssue		Option for Change	Pros			
Issue The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of Water Treatment Plant No. 4 costs to the wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include these costs in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case? Status Quo: Continue to exclude Water Treatment Plant No. 4 costs from the wholesale customer revenue requirement	portion of Water Treatment Plant No. 4 costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.		1. Water Treatment Plant No. Customer service. Therefore wholesale customers.			
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting	g #2 on November	5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016			
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meetir	ng #2 on Novembe	r 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016			
Consultant Recommendation:	Water Trea	tment Plant No. 4	related costs are a valid and benefits all customers. Wholesale customers should be al	located a portion of these costs.		
PIC & WIC Comments:	Per our discu wholesale cu	Water Treatment Plant No. 4 related costs are a valid and benefits all customers. Wholesale customers should be allocated a portion of these costs. Grant Rabon (PIC-Residential Rate Advocate) <sup>2</sup> er our discussion at the PIC meeting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue the inclusion of previously disallowed wholesale customers. The only exception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for these customers (which I support) an disallowed costs that are inconsistent with, or inappropriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.				
Executive Team Decision						

## omers (Option for Change) Cons o. 4 is not specifically dedicated to wholesale re, no potion of these costs should be allocated to ed costs into the revenue requirement allocated to and, then, Austin Water could exclude only those

Issue #14: Allocation of Green Power Costs to Wholesale Customers				
			Allocate a Portion of Wastewater Treatment Plant No	. 4 Costs to Wholesale Custom
lssue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros	
The PUCT disallowed Austin Water's allocation of a portion of Green Choice electricity costs to wholesale customers. Should Austin Water seek to include the cost of "green power" in the wholesale customer revenue requirement in the next rate case?		Allocate a portion of green power costs to the wholesale customer revenue requirement.	<ol> <li>At the time of Austin Water's 2013 rate case, Austin Water purchased electric power from Austin Energy under the Green Choice electricity tariff. The PUCT disallowed the estimated cost of the Green Choice electricity in excess of standard Austin Energy electric rates. Austin Water is now purchasing electricity from Austin Energy under the Commercial Energizer rate. The Commercial Energizer rates are lower than the rates charged under the Green Choice program but are still in excess of standard Austin Energy rates.</li> <li>If the Austin City Council wishes Austin Water to purchases electricity</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Wholesale customers should excess of standard electric r environmental/sustainabilit borne by retail customers lo City of Austin.</li> </ol>
Status Quo: Continue to exclude the cost of green power from the wholesale customer revenue requirement.			produced by green power sources, this is a valid operating cost that should be allocated to all customers, both retail and wholesale.	
PIC Meeting Dates:	PIC Meeting	g #2 on November	5, 2016 / PIC Meeting #5 on November 29, 2016	
WIC Meeting Dates:	WIC Meetin	ng #2 on Novembe	<sup>-</sup> 5, 2016 / WIC Meeting #4 on November 29, 2016	
Consultant Recommendation:	Austin Wate	er's purchase of gr	een power electricity is a valid operating costs that benefits all customers. Wholesale	should be allocated a portion of t
PIC & WIC Comments:				
Executive Team Decision				
PIC & WIC Comments:	Per our discu wholesale cu	stomers. The only e	te Advocate) ting on 11/29/16, I am formally indicating my strong belief that Austin Water should pursue th cception to this general statement would be if Austin Water opts to utilize the utility basis for t tent with, or inappropriate for, inclusion under the utility basis.	
Executive Team Decision				

mers (Option for Change)					
Cons					
Ild not be required to pay for green power costs in rates because of the City of Austin's ity concerns. These excess costs should only be located within the jurisdictional boundaries of the					
these costs.					
d costs into the revenue requirement allocated to ind, then, Austin Water could exclude only those					

	Change?	If Yes,	#15: Modify the Peaking Factor Methodology Used in the Water Cost of Service Model Modify the Peaking Factor Methodology Used in the Water Cost of Service Mode			
lssue	(Yes or No)	Option for Change	Pros			
Representatives of large industrial customers have stated that the current method used by Austin Water to estimate customer class maximum day and maximum hour peaking factors does not adequately reflect the nuances of large industrial customer water use and results in an overstatement of the industrial class revenue requirement. Status Quo: Maintain the peaking factor methodology currently used in the water model.		Modify the peaking factor methodology currently used in the water model to reflect data provided by the industrial customers.	<ol> <li>The current peaking factor methodology used in the water model does not reflect the actual daily or hourly water consumption of any customer in any retail customer class. To the extent customer-specific data is available it should be used; this would allow for customer-specific peaking factor determinations.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Austin Water uses an industing maximum day and maximum recommended in AWWA My Charges. This industry stand wholesale customer classes</li> <li>Unless and until Austin Wa records individual custome peaking factor methodolog method for assessing custor allocating costs between customer statistical and wholesale custor peaking factor methodolog</li> </ol>		
PIC Meeting Dates:	October X, 2016					
WIC Meeting Dates:	October X, 2016					
Consultant Recommendation:	Continue to use the industry standard peaking factor methodology currently employed by Austin Water (do not modify the current methodology to					
PIC & WIC Comments:						
Executive Team Decision						
PIC & WIC Comments:						
Executive Team Decision						

## lel (Option for Change)

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istry standard methodology to estimate customer um hour peaking factors. This methodology is Manual M1, Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and ndard methodology is used for all retail and es.

ater installs advanced metering technology that er water consumption on an hourly basis, the gy used by Austin Water is a fair and equitable comer class water consumption characteristics and customer classes.

thodology to estimate peaking factors would rge industrial customers by shifting costs to other omer classes. In order to maintain fairness, the same gy should be used for all customer classes.

## to estimate customer class peaking factors).

Issue #16: Retail Small Multi-Family Customer Rate Design Issues						
	Change?	If Yes,		Modify the Small Multi-Family Fixed Charge Rate Design		
lagua	(Yes or	Option for	Pros	Cons		
Issue Retail small multi- family customers must currently pay fixed charges that contain a potentially high allocation of public fire protection costs. Status Quo: Maintain the current small multi-family fixed charge rate design.	No)	Change Modify the current small multi-family fixed charge rate design.	This issue will be covered at a future meeting			
PIC Meeting Dates: WIC Meeting Dates: Consultant Recommendation: PIC & WIC Comments:						
Executive Team Decision						